सहाराष्ट्र आम्यात्रकी सेवा (स्थापत्म) (मुख्य) पराधा-2015

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प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक BOOKLET NO.

प्रश्नपुस्तिका-III

एक्ण प्रश्न : 100

स्थापित्य अभियांत्रिकी पेपर-2

एकूण गुण : 200

शेवटचा अंक

सूचना

- (1) सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत 100 अनिवार्य प्रश्न आहेत. उमेदवारांनी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहिण्यास सुरुवात करण्यापूर्वी या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत सर्व प्रश्न आहेत किंवा नाहीत याची खात्री करून घ्यावी. असा तसेच अन्य काही दोष आढळल्यास ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका समवेक्षकांकडून लगेच बदलून घ्यावी.
- (2) आपला परीक्षा-क्रमांक ह्या चौकोनांत न विसरता बॉलपेनने लिहावा.
- (3) वर छापलेला प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर विशिष्ट जागी उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे न विसरता नमूद करावा.

↑ केंद्राची संकेताक्षरे

- (4) या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला 4 पर्यायी उत्तरे सुचिवली असून त्यांना 1, 2, 3 आणि 4 असे क्रमांक दिलेले आहेत. त्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तराचा क्रमांक उत्तरपित्रकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे तुमच्या उत्तरपित्रकेवर नमूद करावा. अशा प्रकारे उत्तरपित्रकेवर उत्तरक्रमांक नमूद करावा तो संबंधित प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोर छायांकित करून दर्शविला जाईल याची काळजी घ्यावी. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.
- (5) सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत. यास्तव सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्यावीत. घाईमुळे चुका होणार नाहीत याची दक्षता घेऊनच शक्य तितक्या वेगाने प्रश्न सोडवावेत. क्रमाने प्रश्न सोडविणे श्रेयस्कर आहे पण एखादा प्रश्न कठीण वाटल्यास त्यावर वेळ न घालविता पुढील प्रश्नाकडे वळावे. अशा प्रकारे शेवटच्या प्रश्नापर्यंत पोहोचल्यानंतर वेळ शिल्लक राहिल्यास कठीण म्हणून वगळलेल्या प्रश्नांकडे परतणे सोईस्कर ठरेल.
- (6) उत्तरपत्रिकेत एकदा नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडता येणार नाही. नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडून नव्याने उत्तर दिल्यास ते तपासले जाणार नाही.
- (७) प्रस्तुत परीक्षेच्या उत्तरपत्रिकांचे मूल्यांकन करताना उमेदवाराच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेतील योग्य उत्तरांनाच गुण दिले जातील. तसेच ''उमेदवाराने वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी स्वरूपाच्या प्रश्नांची दिलेल्या चार पर्यायापैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तरेच उत्तरपत्रिकेत नमूद करावीत. अन्यथा त्यांच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेत सोडिवलेल्या प्रत्येक चार चुकीच्या उत्तरांसाठी एका प्रश्नाचे गुण वजा करण्यात येतील''.

ताकीद

ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपेपर्यंत ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका आयोगाची मालमत्ता असून ती परीक्षाकक्षात उमेदवाराला परीक्षेसाठी वापरण्यास देण्यात येत आहे. ही वेळ संपेपर्यंत सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेची प्रत/प्रती, किंवा सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील काही आशय कोणत्याही स्वरूपात प्रत्यक्ष वा अप्रत्यक्षपणे कोणत्याही व्यक्तीस पुरविणे, तसेच प्रसिद्ध करणे हा गुन्हा असून अशी कृती करणाऱ्या व्यक्तीवर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचा अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार तसेच प्रचलित कायद्याच्या तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

तसेच ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी विहित केलेली वेळ संपण्याआधी ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका अनिधकृतपणे बाळगणे हा सुद्धा गुन्हा असून तसे करणारी व्यक्ती आयोगाच्या कर्मचारीवृंदापैकी, तसेच परीक्षेच्या पर्यवेक्षकीयवृंदापैकी असली तरीही अशा व्यक्तीविरूद्ध उक्त अधिनियमानुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

पुढील सूचना प्रश्नपुस्तिकेच्या अंतिम पृष्टावर पहा

पर्यवेक्षकांच्या सूचनेविना

उघड

सील

10

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

| 1. | The | modern electror | ic Tac | heometers are a | combi | nation of : | | |
|------|-------|-----------------------------------|---------|----------------------------|---------|---|---------|--------------------|
| | (a) | An electronic t | heodo | lite | | | | |
| | (b) | An electronic o | data c | ollector | | | | |
| | (c) | An Electric dis | stance | measurement | | | | |
| | Ans | wer options : | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (a) and (b) only | y | (2) | (b) | and (c) only | | |
| | (3) | (a) and (c) only | y | (4) | All | of the above | | |
| 2. | In c | hain surveying, j | perper | ndiculars to the c | hain li | ne are set out by | : | |
| | (1) | a theodolite | | (2) | a p | rismatic compass | | |
| | (3) | a clinometer | | (4) | an (| optical square | | |
| 3. | Leas | st count of a leve | lling s | taff is : | | | | _ |
| | (1) | 1 cm | | (2) | 5 m | ım | | |
| | (3) | 1 mm | | (4) | No | ne of the above | | |
| 4. | | • | _ | | | as (– 2.250 m). Th L.L. of the top of t | | |
| | (1) | 154.300 m | (2) | 146.300 m | (3) | 150.800 m | (4) | 145.800 m |
| 5. | | is the number of aded angles shou | | | ile the | odolite traversing | the su | ım of the interior |
| | (1) | $(2n-4)\times90^{\circ}$ | (2) | $(2n+4) \times 90^{\circ}$ | (3) | $(2n \pm 4) \times 90^{\circ}$ | (4) | 360° |
| 6. | | at will be the cu m. ? | rvatu | re correction for | staff | reading, in level | ling f | or a distance of |
| | (1) | 0.0673 m | (2) | 0.0785 m | (3) | 78.50 m | (4) | 6.73 m |
| 7. | Spir | e test is carried o | out for | the permanent a | adjustr | nent of : | | |
| | (1) | Dumpy level | (2) | Auto level | (3) | Tilting level | (4) | None of these |
| 8. | The | lines joining the | points | of equal elevation | ons on | the surface of th | e eartl | n are known as : |
| | (1) | isohyets | (2) | isogonics | (3) | agonics | (4) | contours |
| कच्च | या का | | CE F | OR ROUGH WO | RK | | | |

| 9. | What is the magnetic declination at a place if the magnetic bearing of the sun at noon a that place is 186°? | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | (1) | 6° W | (2) | 6° E | (3) | 0° W | (4) | 0° E | | | | |
| 10. | | process of locat tions have alrea | | | | | table fron | n stations whose | | | | |
| | (1) | Orientation | (2) | Radiation | (3) | Intersection | (4) | Resection | | | | |
| 11. | Salv | age value is de | fined as | : · | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) value of dismantled materials of a property at the end of its utility period | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) estimated value of a built up property at the end of its useful life without being dismantled | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | value of the p | roperty | shown in the | accoun | t book in that | particular | year | | | | |
| | (4) | present value | of a pro | perty consider | ing it t | o be replaced a | it the curr | ent market rates | | | | |
| 12. | | rights and privi | _ | nich an owner o | of a pro | perty enjoys th | rough or o | ver the property | | | | |
| | (1) | Property righ | t (2) | Lease right | (3) | Legal right | (4) | Easement | | | | |
| 13. | For | a contract to be | valid : | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Parties to the | contrac | t should be cor | npeten | t | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Proper propo | sal and | its acceptance | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Free consent of | of partie | s involved in t | he agre | ement | | | | | | |
| | (d) | Lawful consid | deration | L | | | | | | | | |
| | Ans | wer options : | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (a) and (c) | | (2 | (c) | only | | | | | | |
| | (3) | (a), (b) and (d | l) | (4 |) All | of the above | | | | | | |
| 14. | | unit of measure as 10 sqm on p | | | | | • | .5 m in width as | | | | |
| | (1) | cu. m | (2) | sq. m | (3) | 10 sq.m | (4) | Rmt | | | | |
| कच्चा कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK | | | | | | | | | | | | |

15.

A tender is said to be informal:

| | (a) | When it is not | submi | tted in the form so | old by | the department | t | |
|------------|-------|--------------------------------------|----------|---|---------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| | (b) | When the tend | er is n | ot properly filled | in or | signed by the co | ntracto | or |
| | (c) | When the tend liabilities of us | | made conditional aracter to it. | by w | ay of adding ir | definit | e an l uncertain |
| | (d) | When it is not for the purpose | | rted by the requis | site ea | arnest money in | the ma | nner prescribed |
| | Ans | wer options : | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (a), (b), (c) | (2) | (a), (b), (c), (d) | (3) | (a), (d) | (4) | (d) |
| <u> </u> | At v | vhat change of p | rice le | vel is a revised es | timat | e prepared ? | | |
| | (1) | 2.0% | (2) | 2.5% | (3) | 4.0% | (4) | 5.0% |
| 17. | | ich committee r ractor's profit w | | nended that an a e reasonable ? | llow | ance of 10% of | the pr | ime cost as the |
| | (1) | The Rates and | Costs | Committee, 1957 | (2) | MPWD Comn | nittee, | 1940 |
| | (3) | CPWD Comm | ittee, 1 | 950 | (4) | MPSC Commi | ittee, 20 | 010 |
| 18. | | capitalised value | _ | property fetching 5%, would be: | a net | annual rent of ₹ | 1000 v | vith highest rate |
| | (1) | ₹ 800 | (2) | ₹ 1000 | (3) | ₹ 10,000 | (4) | ₹ 20,000 |
| 19. | | | | , the contractor is of the tender, kno | | | some a | mount with the |
| | (1) | Bank Guarante | ee (2) | EMD. | (3) | S.D. | (4) | F.D. |
| 20. | If th | e porosity of a se | oil sam | ple is 40%, its voi | d rati | o is : | | |
| | (1) | $\frac{2}{3}$ | (2) | $\frac{1}{3}$ | (3) | $\frac{1}{2}$ | (4) | 1 |
| 21. | | | | ving dimensions io of the specimer | | | | |
| | (1) | 2000 kg/m^3 | (2) | 1500 kg/m^3 | (3) | 1200 kg/m^3 | (4) | 1600 kg/m^3 |
| — कच्छ | या का | ——— मासाठी जागा /SPA | ACE FO | OR ROUGH WOR | K. | | | |

- **22. Statement (A)**: In Boussinesq's theory of stress computations, soil is considered to be un-stressed before application of the load.
 - **Statement (B)**: The contact pressure distribution under a rigid footing in cohesionless soil, is uniform throughout the width of the footing.
 - (1) Both the statements (A) and (B) are correct.
 - (2) Statement (A) is correct but (B) is wrong.
 - (3) Statement (A) is wrong but (B) is correct.
 - (4) Both the statements (A) and (B) are wrong.
- 23. A sample of dry sand was tested in direct shear test apparatus under a normal load of 72 kg. The shear load required to fail the sample was found to be 36 kg. The angle of internal friction (φ) will be:
 - (1) $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{72+36}{36}\right)$
- (2) $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{72+36}{72}\right)$

(3) $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{36}{72} \right)$

- $(4) \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{72}{36}\right)$
- **24.** A point load exerts a maximum vertical stress at a radial distance of 1 m and at a depth of :
 - (1) 0.817
- (2) 0.477
- (3) 1.00
- (4) 1.225
- **25. Statement (A)**: Coffer-dam is a structure to be constructed in standing water condition prior to the construction of bridge foundations.
 - **Statement (B)**: Cutting edge and steining are the two essential component parts of the coffer-dam.
 - (1) Both the statements (A) and (B) are true.
 - (2) Both the statements (A) and (B) are false.
 - (3) Statement (A) is true but (B) is false.
 - (4) Statement (B) is true but (A) is false.
- $\textbf{26.} \quad \text{From the following statements, select the most appropriate statement}:$

Westergaard's analysis for stress computation within soil mass assumes.

- (1) Point load at the surface and soil being homogeneous and isotropic
- (2) Line load at the surface and soil being homogeneous and non-isotropic
- (3) Point load at the surface and soil being homogeneous and non-isotropic
- (4) Line load at the surface and soil being non-homogeneous and isotropic

- 27. An all-around RCC peripheral retaining wall is constructed for a basement to retain soil on the other side. The retaining wall has RCC floor slab constructed at the top. The earth pressure on retaining wall will be analyzed in:
 - (1) Passive condition
 - (2) Active condition
 - (3) At rest condition
 - (4) Partially active and partially passive condition
- 28. Match the pairs:
 - (a) Compaction
- (i) Expulsion of water

(b) Swelling

- (ii) Sudden volume decrease
- (c) Consolidation
- (iii) Increase in volume

(d) Collapse

(iv) Expulsion of air

Answer options:

- (a) (b)
- (c) (d)
- (1) (i)
- (iii) (iv) (ii)
- (2) (ii)
- (iii) (iv) (i)
- (3) (i)
- (iv) (ii) (iii)
- (4) (iv)
- (iii)
- (i) (ii)
- 29. The specific speed of turbine is defined as:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{H^{\frac{5}{4}}}{N\sqrt{P}}$
- $(2) \quad \frac{NP^{\frac{5}{4}}}{\sqrt{H}}$
- $(3) \quad \frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{\frac{5}{4}}}$
- $(4) \qquad \frac{N^{\frac{5}{4}}P}{\sqrt{H}}$

- **30.** Muschel curves belong to the category of :
 - (1) main characteristic curves of a turbine
 - (2) operating characteristic curves of a turbine
 - (3) constant efficiency curves of a turbine
 - (4) operating characteristics of a pump
- 31. Pathlines refer to the motion of identified fluid particles of elements and therefore constitute a feature of the :
 - (1) Lagrangian Approach
- (2) Eulerian Approach
- (3) Rayleigh's Approach
- (4) None of the above

| 32. | The | separation | of a b | oundary I | layer occurs | when : | | | | | | | | |
|-----|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-------------|--|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (1) | the flow | is acce | elerated pa | ist a boundai | ry | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | the bound | dary la | ayer comes | s to rest | | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | the fluid | is idea | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 33. | Cho | ose the co r | rect n | natch : | | _ | <u>-</u> | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Inertial fo | rce to | surface te | ensile force | (i) | Reynold's No. | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Inertial fo | rce to | viscous fo | orce | (ii) | Euler No. | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Inertial fo | rce to | pressure : | force | (iii) | Mach No. | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | Inertial fo | rce to | elastic for | rce | (iv) | Weber No. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | (v) | Froude No. | | | | | | | |
| | Ans | Answer options: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (a) (b) | (c) | (d) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (iii) (i) | (ii) | (iv) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | (iii) (ii) | (iv) | (i) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | (iv) (v) | (ii) | (iii) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | (iv) (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 34. | The | centre of p | ressur | e will coin | cide with the | e centre of g | ravity if a plane surface is : | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | Vertical | | | (2) | Horizonta | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | Immersed | l in a ş | gas | (4) | None of th | ne above | | | | | | | |
| 35. | insta | ılled on it. | When | the pipe i | | wards in the | nich is measured by venturimeter direction of flow, the reading of | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | will incre | ase | | (2) | will remai | n same | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | will decre | ease | | (4) | may flucti | aate with time | | | | | | | |
| 36. | A st | irge tank is | provi | ded in hyd | dropower sch | nemes to : | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | strengther | n the | penstocks | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | reduce wa | ater h | ammer pre | essure | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) reduce water hammer pressure | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | reduce fri | ctiona | l losses in | (3) reduce frictional losses in the system(4) increase the net head | | | | | | | | | |

If three pipes of different diameters, lengths and friction factors are connected in series, 37.

(1)
$$f=f_1+f_2+f_3$$

(2)
$$hf_1 = hf_2 = hf_3$$

(3)
$$Q = Q_1 + Q_2 + Q_3$$

(4)
$$Q_1 = Q_2 = Q_3$$

The difference between theoretical discharge and actual discharge of pump is known as: 38.

differential discharge (2)

(4) suction gap

A unit speed is obtained by which of the following equations with usual notations?

$$(1) \qquad N_{\rm u} = \frac{N}{\sqrt{H}}$$

$$(2) N_{\rm u} = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{H}$$

(3)
$$N_{u} = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{\sqrt{H}}$$

(1)
$$N_u = \frac{N}{\sqrt{H}}$$
 (2) $N_u = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{H}$ (3) $N_u = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{\sqrt{H}}$ (4) $N_u = \frac{N_u^2}{H^5}$

A turbine is a device which converts: 40.

- **(1)** Hydraulic energy into mechanical energy
- (2) Mechanical energy into hydraulic energy
- (3) Kinetic energy into mechanical energy
- (4)Electrical energy into mechanical energy

41. Operating characteristic curves of a turbine are :

- **(1)** Varying speed curves
- (2) Constant efficiency curves
- Constant head curves (3)
- (4) Constant speed curves

Overall efficiency of a pump is obtained by which of the following equations with usual 42. notations?

- (1) $\eta_0 = \eta_{man} \times \eta_{mech}$
- (2) $\eta_0 = \eta_{hv} \times \eta_{mech}$

(3) $\eta_0 = \eta_{man} \times \eta_{hv}$ (4) $\eta_0 = \eta_{\text{vol}} \times \eta_{\text{min}}$

To produce a high head multi-stage centrifugal pumps, the impellers are connected: **43**.

(1) in parallel

- (2)in series
- (3) in parallel and in series both
- **(4)** none of the above

- 44. The specific speed(N_s) of a pump is given by :
 - (1) $N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H_m^{\frac{5}{4}}}$ (2) $N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H_m^{\frac{3}{4}}}$ (3) $N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H_m^{\frac{3}{4}}}$ (4) $N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H_m^{\frac{5}{4}}}$

- **45.** Number of buckets on a Pelton wheel are calculated by which equation with usual notations:
 - (1) $Z = 15 + \frac{D}{2d}$

- (2) $Z = 15 + \frac{2D}{d}$
- (3) $Z = 15 + 2\left(\frac{D}{d}\right)n$
- (4) $Z = 15 + \frac{d}{D}$
- 46. Which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - Pelton wheel is a reaction turbine (1)
 - Pelton wheel is a radial flow turbine (2)
 - Pelton wheel is an impulse turbine (3)
 - (4)None of the above
- When specific information about the density of snowfall is not available, the water 47. equivalent of snowfall is taken as:
 - (1)50%
- (2)30%
- 10% (3)
- 90% (4)
- The percentage of total quantity of fresh water in the world available in the liquid form is 48. about:
 - 30% (1)
- 70% (2)
- 11% (3)
- **(4)** 51%
- The precipitation in the form of water drops of sizes larger than 0.5 mm is known as: 49.
 - (1)snow
- drizzle (2)
- glaze (3)
- (4)rainfall
- 50. The chemical that is found to be more suitable as water evaporation inhibitor is:
 - ethyl alcohol **(1)**
- methyl alcohol (3) (2)
- cetyl alcohol
- bytyl alcohol (4)

- 51. In a DAD analysis the maximum average depth of rainfall for an 18 hr storm was 28 cm in an area of size 10 km². For the same duration the maximum average depth in an area of 1000 km² can be expected to be:
 - (1) = 28 cm

(2) < 28 cm

(3) > 28 cm

- (4) depends upon the type of rainfall
- 52. The direct runoff is made up of :
 - (1) overland flow and infiltration
 - (2) surface runoff, prompt interflow and channel precipitation
 - (3) surface runoff, infiltration and evapotranspiration
 - (4) rainfall and evaporation
- **53.** Precipitation falling during the growing period of a crop that is available to meet the evapo-transpiration needs of the crop is known as:
 - (1) effective rainfall

(2) transpiration

(3) conjuctive use

- (4) potential rainfall
- 54. Evapotranspiration is confined to:
 - (1) daylight hours

- (2) night-time only
- (3) land surfaces only
- (4) none of the above
- 55. The prismoidal formula with usual notations is:

(1)
$$\Delta S = \text{storage} = \frac{\Delta h}{5} [A_1 + 4A_2 + A_3...]$$

(2)
$$\Delta S = \text{storage} = \frac{\Delta h}{6} [A_1 + 4A_2 + A_3...]$$

(3)
$$\Delta S = \text{storage} = \frac{\Delta h}{3} [A_1 + 4A_2 + A_3...]$$

(4)
$$\Delta S = \text{storage} = \frac{\Delta h}{6} [A_1 + 3A_2 + 4A_3...]$$

| 56. | An aqueduct is a cross drainage work provided to carry canal over a natural drain when : | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------------|------|--|--|
| | (1) canal bed is at the same level as the bed of the natural drain. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | canal bed is be | low th | e H.F.L. of | the na | atural | drain. | | | | | |
| | (3) | canal bed is we | ell abo | ve the H.F.I | L. of t | he nat | ural drain. | | | | | |
| | (4) | canal bed is be | low th | e bed of the | e natu | ral dr | ain. | | | | | |
| 5 7. | Ope | n flume outlet is | : | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | an orifice | | | (2) | a w | eir | | | | | |
| | (3) | a meter | | | (4) | none | e of the above | | | | | |
| 58. | In a | saddle-siphon sp | illway | , an air ven | t is pro | ovided | l at the level of th | e full | reservoir sur | face | | |
| | (1) | break the sipho | nic ac | tion at that | level | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | initiate the siph | onic a | ection at tha | t leve | 1 | | | | | | |
| | (3) | prevent cavitat | ion | | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | maintain ventil | ation i | inside the s | iphon | | | | | | | |
| 59. | | is aligned | l alon | g a watersh | ed and | d runs | for most of its 1 | ength | on a watersh | ned. | | |
| | (1) | Ridge canal | | | (2) | Con | tour canal | | | | | |
| | (3) | Side slope cana | 1 | | (4) | Non | e of the above | | | | | |
| 60. | As p | per IS 10430-1982 | , the li | ife of canal | for co | ncrete | lining is assume | ed to b | e : | | | |
| | (1) | 40 years | (2) | 60 years | | (3) | 80 years | (4) | 99 years | | | |
| 61. | silt a | maintain and a part of floo | | | | | e head regulator cam side of the b | | | avy | | |
| | (1) | Radial gates | (2) | Spillway | | (3) | Stilling basin | (4) | Under slui | ce | | |
| 62. | În a | syphon aqueduc | t, seve | ere condition | n of m | naximi | um uplift on the | floor o | occurs when | : | | |
| | (1) | canal runs full, | drain | is dry but v | water | table i | s at the stream b | ed. | | | | |
| | (2) canal is dry and drain is passing the highest flood. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | canal runs dry | and d | rain also ru | ns dry | 7. | | | | | | |
| | (4) | both canal and | drain | run full. | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |

- 63. In _____ the overflowing water is guided smoothly over the crest and profile of the spillway.
 - (1) Straight drop Spillway
- (2) Ogee Spillway
- (3) Tunnel Spillway

- (4) Siphon Spillway
- **64.** The ratio of rate of change of discharge of an outlet to the rate of change of the discharge of the distribution channel is known as ______.
 - (1) Flexibility
- (2) Setting
- (3) Sensitivity
- (4) Efficiency
- 65. Match the pairs for determination of thickness of flexible pavement by appropriate method.
 - (a) California Bearing Ratio Method
- (i) $T = \frac{K(TI)(90-R)}{C^{\frac{1}{5}}}$
- (b) California Resistance Valve Method
- (ii) $T = K \log_{10}^{\frac{P}{S}}$

(c) Triaxial Method

(iii) $T = \left[\frac{1.75P}{CBR} - \frac{A}{\pi}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(d) McLeod Method

(iv) $T = \sqrt{\left(\frac{3PXY}{2\pi E_s \Delta}\right)^2 - a^2}$

Answer options:

- (a) (b)
- (c) (d)
- (1) (i)
- (iv) (iii) (ii)
- (2) (iii)
- (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i)
- (14) (11)
- (iii) (ii)

(i)

- (4) (iii)
- (iv) (ii)

(iv)

- **66.** The maximum width of expansion joint and maximum spacing between expansion joint for rough interface layer is :
 - (1) 2.5 cm and 160 m
- (2) 2.0 cm and 130 m
- (3) 2.5 cm and 140 m
- (4) 2.5 cm and 100 m

| 67. | The total length of tie bar of 1 cm diameter embedded in a cement concrete pavement with allowable working stress in steel in tension equal to 1400 kg/cm ² and allowable bond stress in deformed bars in concrete 24.6 kg/cm ² , is: | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (1) | 18.87 cm (2) | 113.82 cm | n (3) | 56.9 cm | (4) | 28.45 cm | | | | | |
| 68. | The | tests performed for de | etecting whe | ther bitume | n is cracked o | or not, is/ | are : | | | | | |
| | (a) | Spot test | (b) | Solubility | test | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Float test | (d) | Ductility t | est | | | | | | | |
| | Sele | ect the correct alternati | ve out of the | following : | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (a) only | (2) | (a) and (b) | only | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | (a), (c) and (d) only | (4) | (b) and (d) |) only | | | | | | | |
| 69. | The | dowel bars are provid | ed at : | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | Expansion joint | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | Contraction joint | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | Both (1) and (2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | Both (1) and (2) and | Longitudina | al joint | | | | | | | | |
| 70. | Fail | ures in flexible paveme | ents are due | to the failur | e of : | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Sub grade | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Base course | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Wearing Course | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ans | wer options : | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (a) and (b) only | (2) | (a) and (c) | only | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | (b) and (c) only | (4) | (a), (b) and | d (c) | | | | | | | |
| 71. | Bitu | men grade is specified | as 80-100 or | $r \frac{80}{100}$ grade | , this means : | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | Bitumen content is b | etween 80 to | o 100. | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | Ductility of bitumen | is between 8 | 80 to 100 mr | n. | | | | | | | |
| (3) Penetration value of bitumen is between 80 to 100. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | Temperature of the l | oitumen is b | etween 80 to | o 100°C | | | | | | | |
| | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | |

| 72. | The critical condition of stresses for combination of stresses in cement concrete pavement during summer is : | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| during summer is: (1) load stress + warping stress - frictional stress (2) load stress + warping stress | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | load stress+ | warping | stress . | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | load stress+ | warping | stress + fric | ctional stress | s | | | | | | |
| | (4) | load stress+ | frictional | stress | | | | | | | | |
| 73. | Arra | ange the follow | ving laye | rs of flexible | e pavement | from top to be | ottom : | | | | | |
| | (a) | Sub-base cou | ırse | (b) | Base cour | se | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Surface cour | se | (d) | Sub-grade | 2 | | | | | | |
| | Ans | wer option : | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (c), (a), (d), (| b) | (2) | (c), (b), (d |), (a) | | | | | | |
| | (3) | (c), (a), (b), (| d) | (4) | (c), (b), (a) |), (d) | | | | | | |
| 74. | | ulvert can be veen the faces | | | ng with a t | otal length no | ot exceed | ling | | | | |
| | (1) | 6 m | (2) | 7 m | (3) | 8 m | (4) | 10 m | | | | |
| 75. | Wharea | | he minir | num width | of foot pa | th while desig | gning a | bridge for rural | | | | |
| | (1) | 1.5 m | (2) | 2.0 m | (3) | 2.5 m | (4) | 3.0 m | | | | |
| 76. | Max | dimum scour d | epth at a | severe ben | d is : | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | 1.25 D | (2) | 1.50 D | (3) | 1.75 D | (4) | 2.00 D | | | | |
| 77. | | can be | defined | as a rise of | water level | on the upstre | am side | of a bridge. | | | | |
| | (1) | Scour | (2) | Afflux | (3) | HFL | (4) | Discharge | | | | |
| 78. | The | | which t | he water fl | lows under | a bridge sup | erstructu | ire is known as | | | | |
| | (1) | stream | (2) | scour | (3) | waterway | (4) | afflux | | | | |
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| 79. | The | type of bearing | ig used o | on a b | ridge o | lepen | ds on : | : | | | |
|--------------------|------|----------------------------------|------------|---------|----------|--------|---------------------|---------------|---------|--------|-----------------|
| | (1) | Extent of me | ovement | at the | bridg | e end | s | | | | |
| | (2) | Temperatur | e Variati | ons | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | Load carried | i | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | All of the ab | ove | | | | | | | | |
| 80. | | minimum ve 3.0 m³ per sec | | earan | ce for | oper | ing of | f high level | brid | ges f | or discharge of |
| | (1) | 150 mm | (2) | 250 | mm | | (3) | 350 mm | | (4) | 450 mm |
| 81. | | ridge designed bed during flo | | | nal floo | ods to | pass t | hrough its v | ents b | ut all | owed to be over |
| | (1) | Submersible | bridge | | | (2) | Und | er bridge | | | |
| | (3) | Seasonal bri | dge | | | (4) | Non | e of the abo | ve | | |
| 82. | Adv | antages of as | ohaltic co | oncret | e (Bitu | ımino | us Cor | ncrete) are : | | | |
| | (a) | Durability | | | (b) | Imp | erviou | sness | | | |
| | (c) | Load spread | ing prop | erly | (d) | Qui | ckly o _l | penable to t | raffic | | |
| | (e) | Good skid R | esistance | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | Ans | wer options : | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (a) and (b) o | nly. | | (2) | (a), | (b) and | d (c) only. | | | |
| | (3) | (a), (b), (c) a | nd (d) o | nly. | (4) | All | of the | above. | | | |
| 83. | Pick | up the explos | ive used | for to | ınnelli | ng in | soft ro | cks from the | e follo | wing | ;: |
| | (1) | Special gelat | ine | | | (2) | Blast | ting gelatine | 9 | | |
| | (3) | Ammonia d | ynamite | | | (4) | Semi | i-gelatine | | | |
| 84. | Whi | ch one of the | following | g tunn | elling | metho | ods is | used for lay | ing ur | ıder { | ground sewers ? |
| | (1) | Needle bean | n method | i | | (2) | Gern | nan method | i | | |
| | (3) | Army metho | od | | | (4) | Engl | ish method | | | |
| 85. | To a | ittain the requ | ired sha | oe of t | the tur | nel w | e use | • | | - | |
| | (1) | Cutholes | (2) | Chi | sels | | (3) | Easers | | (4) | Trimmers |
| | | | | | | | | | _ | | |

| 86. | For | initial surveys of | tunne | l, the following | activi | ies are involved | l: | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----------------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | (a) | Marking portal | point | s with concrete | pillars | on the ground | | | | | |
| | (b) | Marking tunnel | oblig | atory points or | the to | pographical ma | ıps. | | | | |
| | (c) | Driving lines be | etweer | the fixed oblig | gatory | points. | | | | | |
| | (d) | Preliminary set | ting of | the tunnel on | the to | ographical surv | vey of Ir | dian maps. | | | |
| | The | correct sequence | of the | activities are : | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (b), (a), (d), (c) | (2) | (a), (b), (c), (d | l) (3) | (d), (b), (c), (| a) (4) | (c), (b), (d), (a) | | | |
| 87. | If 'D' is a diameter of tunnel in meters, then the thickness of lining in mm as per the empirical formula is given by : | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | 72 D | (2) | 82 D | (3) | 92 D | (4) | 102 D | | | |
| 88. | The concentration of dust particles of the size 0.5 to 5 microns adjacent to the work face should not be more than : | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) 450 particles/cm ³ (2 | | | | | 350 particles/cm ³ | | | | | |
| | (3) 250 particles/cm ³ (4) 150 particles/cm ³ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | For | highways, tunnel | ling is | preferred if th | e oper | cut exceeds : | | | | | |
| | (1) | 10 m depth | (2) | 15 m depth | (3) | 20 m depth | (4) | 25 m depth | | | |
| 90. | In c | ompressed air tur | nellin | g the volume o | f free a | nir provided is : | | | | | |
| | (1) | 10 cuft per seco | nds p | er sq.ft. of face | area | | | | | | |
| | (2) | $10~{\rm m}^3$ per min. | per m | ² of face area | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | 20 cuft per min | . per s | q.ft. of face are | a | | | | | | |
| | (4) | 6 m ³ per hour p | oer m² | of face area | | | | | | | |
| 91. | The | length of the nee | dle be | am used in the | needle | beam method | of tunne | lling is usually : | | | |
| | (1) | 2 m to 4 m | (2) | 1.5 m to 4.5 m | n (3) | 6 m to 7 m | (4) | 5 m to 6 m | | | |
| 92. | Indi | an municipal soli | d was | te is not suitab | le for i | ncineration due | to: | | | | |
| | (1) | less moisture co | ntent | (2 |) hig | h moisture cont | tent | | | | |
| | (3) | high calorific va | alue | (4 |) Le | sser organic con | tent | | | | |
| | — गा ऋग | ————— मासाठी जागा /SPA | CE EC | |) DIV | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| 41 00 | ~ा प्रा | TIGIO VICE / 3º A | CEF | N NOUGH W | | | | | | | |

| 93. | In w | vaste water treatment plant sec | ondary se | ettling | tanks are desig | gned to | remove : | | | |
|--------------------|---|---|-------------|---------|------------------|-----------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | (1) | Organic settleable solids | (2) | Inor | ganic settleable | solids | | | | |
| | (3) | Bioflocculated solids | (4) | Diss | olved solids | | | | | |
| 94. | Dur | ing inversion condition : | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | Air temperature decreases w | ith altitud | de | | | | | | |
| | (2) | Air temperature increases wi | th altitud | le | | | | | | |
| | (3) | Air temperature remains con | stant | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | Air temperature is zero | | | | | | | | |
| 95. | | per Central Pollution Control Bo the range of : | ard (CPC | B) Air | Quality Index f | or satisf | actory condition | | | |
| | (1) | 301 to 400 (2) 201 to | 300 | (3) | 101 to 200 | (4) | 51 to 100 | | | |
| 96. | Whe | en is a photo chemical smog for | rmed ? | | | | | | | |
| (1) Air stagnation | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) High concentrations of hydrocarbon and nitrogen | | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | Both (1) and (2) | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | None of these | | | | | | | | |
| 97. | | taking sewer line below road/ca uld be provided. | nal/railv | vay lin | e, following typ | e of sev | v er appartenances | | | |
| | (1) | Storm water relief work | (2) | Siph | on spillways | | | | | |
| | (3) | Jumping weir | (4) | Inve | rted syphon | | | | | |
| 98. | Perr | nanent hardness is removed by | · : | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Lime soda process | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Boiling | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Demineralisation process | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | Base exchange process | | | | | | | | |
| | Ans | wer options : | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (a) only | (2) | (b) c | only | | | | | |
| | (3) | All of the above | (4) | (0) | (c) and (d) only | | | | | |

| 99. | As per CPCB, ambient Air Quality Standards in respect of noise during day time and |
|-----|--|
| | night time for residential area are : |

- (1) 75 dB and 70 dB respectively
- (2) 65 dB and 55 dB respectively
- (3) 55 dB and 45 dB respectively
- (4) 50 dB and 40 dB respectively

100. What is the food to micro-organism ratio in an aeration tank having following data?

Flow = 1 m/d, MLSS = 2000 mg/L

Influent $BOD_5 = 200 \text{ mg/L}$

Volume of aeration tank = 500 m³

- (1) 0.20
- (2) 5.00
- (3) 0.80
- (4) 1.25

- o 0 o -

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

सूचना — (पृष्ठ 1 वरून पुढे...)

- (8) प्रश्नपुस्तिकेमध्ये विहित केलेल्या विशिष्ट जागीच कच्चे काम (रफ वर्क) करावे. प्रश्नपुस्तिकेव्यतिरिक्त उत्तरपत्रिकेवर वा इतर कागदावर कच्चे काम केल्यास ते कॉपी करण्याच्या उद्देशाने केले आहे, असे मानले जाईल व त्यानुसार उमेदवारावर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचे अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.
- (9) सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपल्यानंतर उमेदवाराला ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका स्वतःबरोबर परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर घेऊन जाण्यास परवानगी आहे. मात्र परीक्षा कक्षाबाहेर जाण्यापूर्वी उमेदवाराने आपल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा भाग-1 समवेक्षकाकडे न विसरता परत करणे आवश्यक आहे.

नमुना प्रश्न

| Pick out the correct word | l to | fill | in | the | blank: | |
|---------------------------|------|------|----|-----|--------|--|
|---------------------------|------|------|----|-----|--------|--|

प्र. क्र. 201. I congratulate you _____ your grand success.

(1) for

(2) at

(3) on

(4) about

ह्या प्रश्नाचे योग्य उत्तर ''(3) on'' असे आहे. त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर ''(3)'' होईल, यास्तव खालीलप्रमाणे प्रश्न क्र. 201 समोरील उत्तर-क्रमांक ''(3)'' हे वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखविणे आवश्यक आहे.

प्र. क्र. 201. (1) (2) (4)

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचा तुमचा उत्तरक्रमांक हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्ररीत्या पुरिवलेल्या उत्तरपित्रकेवरील त्या त्या प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोरील संबंधित वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखवावा. ह्याकिरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK